Intelligent Chat Workstream: Report and Recommendations

Judicial Council

November 13, 2020



Directive from the Chief Justice*

The committee is directed to explore and make recommendations to the council on the potential for a pilot project using **intelligent chat technology** to provide information and self-help services.

- * Refer to:
 - The Chief's memorandum dated May 17, 2017, and
 - The 2017 Futures Commission Report, starting on page 211: Chapter Five: Technology Recommendations



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Intelligent Chat Workstream Goals, Scope and Activities

- Policy Track Identify legislation and/or internal policies that challenge or are needed to enable intelligent chat adoption
- Business Track Identify and prioritize use case scenarios/user stories most critical to the branch
- Technology Track Identify, assess and recommend technology platform(s) to explore in a pilot
- Submit Findings and Recommendation Report



Definition

Intelligent chat technology includes both:

• (1) Live Chat

where a customer would interact with a *live* person through a website; and

• (2) Chatbot Technology

where a customer would interact with an *automated* system on a website to ask questions and receive information



Chatbot Maturity Model









	Level 0	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
General Description	Live Chat	Basic Bot	Contextual Understanding	Self-Learning
Level of Automation	Not Applicable	None	Semi-Assisted/ Requires Human management and controls	Fully Automated
Key Characteristic JUDICIA OF CALL	Human operated conversation L COUNCIL FORNIA	 Human to Bot Structured Conversation Simple Q&A Menu based Word based One Language 	 Human to Bot Unstructured Conversation Natural Language Understanding Line based intelligence Mood detection Multi-channel & language Support 	 Human to Bot Unstructured Adaptive Conversation Bot to Bot Conversation based intelligence Machine Learning Artificial Intelligence

Examples*

Live Chat Services

- Alameda Self Help
- San Mateo Self Help
- Santa Clara Self Help
- San Diego Self Help
- San Francisco Self Help & Traffic

* This is not an exhaustive list



Chatbot Services

- Appellate Self Help Portal Chatbot
- Ability to Pay Chatbot

Integrated Chatbot with Live Chat

- Los Angeles Remote Hearing Customer Support
- San Diego HR Open Enrollment

Where We Are Today Level 0 - LiveChat Level 1 — Basic Bot **Level 2** — Contextual Understanding Level 3 - Self Learning

Report Contents

- Executive Abstract
- Executive Summary and Recommendations
- Business Case
- Background Research
- Chatbot Definitions
- Chatbot Maturity Model

- Workstream's Approach
- Benefits and Risks
- Key Findings
- Lessons Learned
- Conclusions





Benefits

- ✓ Increase Access
- ✓ Enhance Services
- ✓ Improve Efficiency
- ✓ Streamline Processes







Risks



- Simple conversations become more complex causing chatbots to fail
- New/Next security attack point

Ongoing maintenance to update content as laws change



Key Findings



Key Findings – Business Track

- Subject matter experts are crucial to developing appropriate chat bot interactions
- The California Courts Online Self-Help Center website is an excellent source of content to define chatbot topics
- Subject matter prioritization is critical



Key Findings – Technology Track

- Most of the effort is developing the chatbot content
- Using live chat transcripts to build content and train chatbots
- Machine learning and artificial intelligence need more time to mature



Key Findings – Policy Track



- No need for legislative changes to allow for the use of chatbots
- Leverage Cross Platform Policies
- Data ownership must be addressed
- The public must be informed that they are interacting with a bot
- Develop language for policies and disclaimers that should be considered before launching a chatbot service



Potential Application Areas

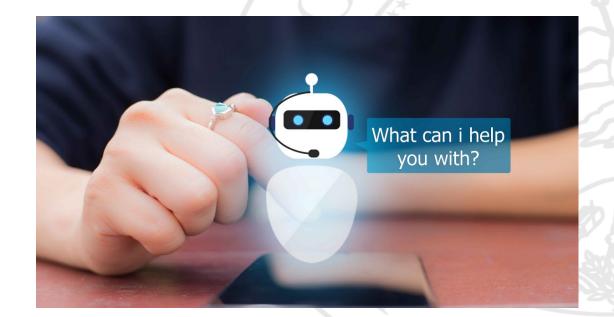
- Divorce and Separation
- Families and Children
- Traffic
- Name Change
- Eviction and Housing/ Unlawful Detainers
- Wills, Estates and Probates
- Abuse and Harassment
- Small Claims

- Fee Waivers
- Civil Appeals
- Gender Change
- Criminal Law (Expungement)
- Seniors and Conservatories
- Guardianship
- Juror Services



Recommendations

- Chatbot Services
- Live Chat and Content Development
- Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence





Chatbot Services

- 1. Establish an intelligent chatbot service program
- 2. Publish and share chat technology project information on central repository
- Develop vendor selection criteria and master service agreement requirements
- 4. Establish statewide chatbot platform in different subject areas
- 5. Develop best practices implementation reference guides
- Update branch web policies to reflect recent statutes and acceptable uses for chat
- 7. Develop chatbots to support multiple media
- 8. Enable chatbots to support language access (multiple languages, ADA, etc.)

Live Chat and Content Development

- 1. Use subject matter experts to curate, develop, and maintain content and appropriate responses
- 2. Set up live chat services to provide support where the chat bot cannot provide assistance
- 3. Use live chat services
 - Provide immediate support to the public
 - Collect information and content for chat bot development



Machine Learning and Artificial Intelligence (ML/AI)

Continue research on machine learning and artificial intelligence to improve and advance the chatbot's ability to understand and appropriately respond.





Conclusion

- Chatbots are part of the current norm
- With the reality of budget constraints and the limitations of regular business hours, chatbots can and should play a role in serving judicial branch customers
- Public will turn to chatbot to solve simple issues to save even small increments of time
- The public would prefer to speak or interact with a person for more complex problems
- Branch has volumes of difficult-to-access static information, which needs to be curated and developed for use in a chatbot
- Chatbot technology is still evolving

Virtual Customer Service Center

Judicial Council Information Technology (JCIT) office has started an Intelligent Chatbot Pilot as part of the new **Virtual Customer Service Center** initiative.

• Mission Statement:

The Use of Intelligent Chat in California Courts

To improve public access to justice and to better serve current and future generations of Californians, the Judicial Branch of California uses intelligent chat technology to provide information and self-help services.

Vision

"Enabling and providing access to court resources through the use of chat and chatbot technology."

Product Roadmap

Name Change Chatbot

Name Change Chatbot + Live Chat 2nd Subject Matter Domain Chatbot + Live Chat

Expansion Across the Branch

CY Q1-2021

CY Q2-2021

CY Q3-2021

CY Q4-2021

Court Website - Self-

JC Website – Self-Help portal

Chatbot

Domain: Name Change Chatbot + Live Chat integration

Domain: Name Change

Agent Portal

- Live Chat
- Train Chatbot

Chatbot + Live Chat integration

2nd Subject Matter
Domain

Agent Portal

- Live Chat
- Train Chatbot

Court Adoption (5 to 10 courts)

Analytics Dashboard

Branch wide data

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