

JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF CALIFORNIA

455 Golden Gate Avenue • San Francisco, California 94102-3688 www.courts.ca.gov

REPORT TO THE JUDICIAL COUNCIL

Item No.: 22-172
For business meeting on December 2, 2022

Title

Criminal Law: Definition of Firearm

Rules, Forms, Standards, or Statutes Affected Revise forms CR-101, CR-102, and CR-210

Recommended by

Criminal Law Advisory Committee Hon. Brian M. Hoffstadt, Chair **Agenda Item Type**

Action Required

Effective Date March 1, 2023

Date of Report

November 1, 2022

Contact

Sarah Fleischer-Ihn, 415-865-7702 sarah.fleischer-ihn@jud.ca.gov

Executive Summary

The Criminal Law Advisory Committee recommends revisions to two optional Judicial Council plea forms and an optional Judicial Council firearm relinquishment findings form to reflect statutory changes to the definition of *firearm* in Penal Code section 16520(b) and make minor, nonsubstantive technical changes. The committee also recommends additional revisions to one of the plea forms to reflect accurate mandatory minimum probation terms.

Recommendation

The Criminal Law Advisory Committee recommends that the Judicial Council, effective March 1, 2023, revise:

1. Plea Form, With Explanations and Waiver of Rights—Felony (form CR-101) and Prohibited Persons Relinquishment Form Findings (form CR-210) to reflect statutory changes to the definition of firearm in Penal Code section 16520(b) and make nonsubstantive technical amendments; and

2. Domestic Violence Plea Form with Waiver of Rights (Misdemeanor) (form CR-102) to reflect statutory changes to the definition of firearm in Penal Code section 16520(b), revise language on mandatory probation terms, and make nonsubstantive technical amendments.

The proposed forms are attached at pages 6–16.

Relevant Previous Council Action

The Judicial Council approved the optional Plea Form, With Explanations and Waiver of Rights—Felony (form CR-101), effective January 1, 2007, to promote increased uniformity in felony plea waiver forms used throughout the state. The form was most recently revised effective January 1, 2021, to conform to multiple statutory changes that added or changed sentencing requirements and advisements.

The council approved the optional Domestic Violence Plea Form With Waiver of Rights (Misdemeanor) (form CR-102), effective July 1, 2011, to promote standardized pleas in misdemeanor domestic violence cases. It was last revised, effective January 1, 2020, to accurately describe the role and responsibilities of interpreters.

The council approved the optional Prohibited Persons Relinquishment Form Findings (form CR-210), effective January 1, 2018, for courts to use to make appropriate findings concerning firearms relinquishment in criminal cases under Penal Code section 29810. This form has not been revised since that time.

Analysis/Rationale

Firearms definition

Effective June 30, 2022, Assembly Bill 1621 (Stats. 2022, ch. 76) expands the definition of a firearm as used in Penal Code sections 29800, 29805, 29810 to include completed frames, receivers, or "firearm precursor parts." (Pen. Code, § 16520(b)(19).) The change is intended to include "ghost guns" (unserialized and untraceable firearms and firearm parts that can be bought online and assembled at home) in the list of items that restrained people cannot possess and must surrender. AB 1621 also amended the definition of firearm precursor parts to mean "any forging, casting, printing, extrusion, machined body or similar article that has reached a stage in manufacture where it may readily be completed, assembled or converted to be used as the frame or receiver of a functional firearm, or that is marketed or sold to the public to become or be used as the frame or receiver of a functional firearm once completed, assembled or converted." (Id., § 16531(a).) Before AB 1621, a firearm precursor part was defined as an unfinished frame or receiver.1

¹ Former Penal Code section 16531(a): "As used in this part, 'firearm precursor part' means a component of a firearm that is necessary to build or assemble a firearm and is described in either of the following categories: (1) An unfinished receiver, including both a single part receiver and a multiple part receiver, such as a receiver in an AR-10- or AR-15-style firearm. An unfinished receiver includes a receiver tube, a molded or shaped polymer frame

AB 1621 superseded a prior bill (Assem. Bill 1057; Stats. 2021, ch. 682), which would have added firearm precursor parts to the definition of *firearm* under specified Family Code and Penal Code sections. To implement AB 1057 in civil domestic violence restraining orders and gun violence forms, the Family and Juvenile Law Advisory Committee and Civil and Small Claims Advisory Committee recommended referring to receivers, frames, and firearm precursor parts as "firearm parts" and further defining firearm parts to include any "receiver, frame, or unfinished receiver or frame, as defined under Penal Code section 16531." The two committees believed the same changes to the forms needed to implement AB 1057 were appropriate to implement AB 1621, and the Judicial Council approved that language, effective January 1, 2023. In this proposal, the Criminal Law Advisory Committee initially recommended using the same terminology in the forms here, for consistency and comprehensibility.

In response to comments received, the committee has modified its original proposal and recommends referring to prohibited items on the three forms as firearms (guns), firearm parts, or ammunition, and stating that the prohibition includes firearm receivers and frames, and any item that may be used as or easily turned into a receiver or frame, with a reference to Penal Code section 16531. This language was developed in conjunction with other advisory committees making recommendations regarding similar language. The Civil and Small Claims Advisory Committee is recommending similar language for restraining and protective orders under that committee's purview in a separate proposal to the council.

Mandatory probation terms

Form CR-102 currently lists, as items 7c(8) and 7c(9), orders not to own, possess, purchase, or receive and to relinquish firearms as mandatory terms of domestic violence probation under Penal Code section 1203.097. However, these are not mandatory domestic violence probation terms under that statute. The provision in item 7f that the defendant may not be able to own, use, or possess firearms, firearm parts, or ammunition appears to be sufficient to address firearm-related prohibitions. Accordingly, the committee recommends removing items 7c(8) and 7c(9).

Policy implications

The recommended revisions will provide defendants with accurate information about prohibited items.

Comments

The committee received two comments agreeing with the proposal from the Superior Court of Orange County and the Superior Court of San Diego County. The San Diego court commented that it preferred a January 1, 2023, effective date, rather than March 1, 2023, because the new law is already operative. The committee discussed the comment but recommends a March 1, 2023 effective date in order to give other courts sufficient implementation time, based on the feedback of judicial administrators on the committee. The Bureau of Firearms (BOF), within the

or receiver, a metallic casting, a metallic forging, and a receiver flat, such as a Kalashnikov-style weapons system, Kalashnikov-style receiver channel, or a Browning-style receiver side plate.

(2) An unfinished handgun frame.

Division of Law Enforcement in the California Department of Justice, agreed with the proposal if modified. As described below, the committee agreed with some, although not all, of the proposed modifications.

Describing firearm precursor parts

Rather than "firearm parts (any receiver, frame, or unfinished receiver or frame as defined in Penal Code section 16531)," BOF suggests using "receivers/frames, firearm precursor parts (as defined in Penal Code section 16531)" as an appropriate way to describe "firearm parts" on the forms. BOF is concerned about using "firearm parts" without the term "precursor" because "firearm parts" is not statutorily defined or used by the BOF or other law enforcement agencies. And although BOF acknowledges that "firearm precursor part" is a new term, it believes a plain-language description for the term would be "cumbersome."

The committee recommends referring to prohibited items as any firearms (guns), firearm parts, or ammunition, and stating that the prohibition includes firearm receivers and frames, and any item that may be used as or easily turned into a receiver or frame, with a reference to Penal Code section 16531. Though "firearm parts" is not statutorily defined, the committee agreed that it was a helpful plain-language term for restrained persons to understand the prohibition against possessing frames, receivers, and firearm precursor parts, which are statutorily defined as "firearms" under Penal Code section 16520. "Any item that may be used as or easily turned into a receiver or frame" is the committee's plain-language interpretation of the new definition of a firearm precursor part under AB 1621.

Using "guns" on the forms

Unlike the current civil restraining and protective orders, the current criminal protective orders, plea forms, and firearm relinquishment findings form do not currently use the word "guns" in parentheses after the term "firearms" to provide a plain-language explanation of firearms. Staff recommends adding "guns" to the criminal protective orders, plea forms, and firearm relinquishment findings form for consistency with the other forms prohibiting firearms. In its comment on related proposals, the BOF suggested that the word "gun" not be used on the forms because not all guns meet the statutory definition of firearms, such as blowguns, stun guns, and BB guns. The committee discussed the comment and recommends including the word "guns" as a plain-language synonym for "firearms." The term "gun" appears to be more widely used and accessible to individuals with limited English proficiency. Moreover, the likelihood that an individual understands "guns" to include items that a restrained person is not prohibited from having seems low.

A chart with all comments received and the committee's responses is attached at pages 17–22.

Alternatives considered

The committee did not consider the alternative of taking no action, determining that it was important to revise the forms to implement legislative changes.

Fiscal and Operational Impacts

Because the forms are optional, expected costs are limited to training, possible case management system updates, and the production of new forms. No other implementation requirements or operational impacts are expected.

Attachments and Links

- 1. Forms CR-101, CR-102, and CR-210, at pages 6–16
- 2. Chart of comments, at pages 17–22

									CIX-101
		OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY	DF				FOR COURT U	SE ONLY	
	T ADDRESS:								
	G ADDRESS:								
	D ZIP CODE:								
ВКА	NCH NAME:								
PEOPL	E OF THE S	TATE OF CALIFORNIA							
5 (V.							
Defen	dant:								
						CASE NUMBER:	<u> </u>		
PLEA	A FORM, V	VITH EXPLANATIONS A	ND WAIV	ER OF RIC	SHTS—FELONY				
INSTRI	UCTIONS:	(1) Fill out this form only if	you want to	plead guilt	y or no contest.				
		(2) Read this form carefull	y. For each	item, if you	understand and agre	ee with what	you read, pu	t your	
		initials in the box to the understand, leave the		item. For a	iny item that does no	t apply to yo	u or that you	do not	
		(3) On page 6, sign and da	ate the form	under "DEF	FENDANT'S STATE	MENT."			
		(4) Keep in mind that the c	ourt cannot	give legal a	advice. If you have a	ny questions	about anyth	ing in this	
		form, ask your attorney	y .						
1. CH	ARGES AN	D MAXIMUM TERM. I want	to plead gu	ilty or no co	ntest ("nolo contend	ere") to the c	harges and		INITIALS
		ed below. I understand that t	he minimum	and maxim	num penalties for the	charges to v	which I am pl	eading	
guil	ty or no con	test are listed below.	_						
cc	DUNT	CHARGES (SECTION & DESCRIPTION)		MONTHS	PRIOR CONVICTIONS, EN & SPECIAL ALLEC	SATIONS	YEARS / N		TOTAL MAXIMUM
		(SECTION & DESCRIPTION)	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	(SECTION & DESCI	RIPTION)	MINIMUM	MAXIMUM	TIME
					AG	GREGATE MAXIN	NUM TIME OF IMP	RISONMENT	
2. PLE	EA AGREEI	MENT. I understand that I n	nust tell the	court on this	s form about any pro	mises anyon	ne has made	to me abo	out the
		receive or the sentence reco							
	s expiained เ as follows:	o me that if I plead guilty or	no contest t	o the charg	es and admit the alle	egations liste	d above, the	court will	sentence
	Check one:	State Prison (or the	Division of	luvenile lus	stice) Coun	ty Jail for			INITIALS
	(1)	years and	months or	Juvernie Ju	succ) coun	ty Jan 101			
		not less than years a		months and	or not more than	years a	nd m	onths.	
	(-/	,	iiu i	HOTHIS and	or not more than	years a	iiu iii	OHUIS.	
		Other <i>(specify):</i>	4: 4- h						
b.	Probation	,		set by the co	ourt, including				
		days in the county jail or							
	up to	days in the county	jaii.						
		at a violation of any of the c							
		ered by the court, may cause							
		e of Imprisonment" specifi 170(h)(5)(B) if the court sen			moiuue a penou on	manualory Si	ahei Aisioti At	idei Felia	11

Page 1 of 7

	PPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA v. endant(s):	CASE NUMBER:
2. (c. Split Sentence (1170(h)(5)(B)): years and days in the county jail and mandatory supervision under conditions set by the court. I understand that if I violat of mandatory supervision, I may be remanded into custody for the entire unserved process.	
C	 d. Open Plea (1) I understand the maximum and minimum sentences for the charges and No one has made any other promises to me about what sentence the co 	
	 I understand that I am not eligible for probation. I understand that I will not be granted probation unless the court finds at is an unusual case where the interests of justice would be best served by 	
€	Restitution, Statutory Fees, and Assessments I understand that the court will order me to pay the following amounts (if an amount be determined" is entered next to the \$); I must prepare financial disclosure statemed determining my ability to pay; and refusal or failure to prepare the required financial used against me at sentencing: (1)	ents to assist the court in disclosure statements may be Fund , and surcharges
f	Fines for Revocation of Parole, Postrelease Community Supervision, Mandator I understand that if I am sentenced to state prison , the court will impose a parole recommunity supervision revocation fine, which will be collected only if my parole or p is later revoked. I also understand that if I am granted probation or mandatory super probation revocation fine or mandatory supervision revocation fine, which will be collected and according to the collected only if my parole or p is later revoked.	evocation fine or a postrelease ostrelease community supervision vision, the court will impose a
g	Dismissal of Other Counts I understand that as part of the plea agreement bargain, the following counts will b	e dismissed after sentencing:
ŀ	I understand and agree that the sentencing judge may consider facts underlying discrestitution and to sentence me on the counts to which I am entering a plea. Other Terms (specify):	smissed counts to determine
	CONSEQUENCES OF MY PLEA a. No Contest ("Nolo Contendere") Plea I understand that a no contest plea is the same as pleading guilty and that if I plead my no contest plea could be used against me in a civil case.	INITIALS I no contest, I will be convicted and

h. **Driver's License and Vehicle Forfeiture**I understand that my privilege to drive a motor vehicle may be revoked or suspended by the court or the California
Department of Motor Vehicles, and my vehicle may be ordered forfeited if it was involved in the offense.

I understand that if I am sentenced to serve a state prison term for this sexually violent offense, as defined in Welfare and Institutions Code section 6600(b), the penalty for any future felony conviction may be increased as a result of my

is such an offense.

ineligible to receive work-time credits. Count

g. Prior Prison Term for Sexually Violent Offense

incarceration in this case.

Before entering this plea, I have had a full opportunity to discuss the following with my attorney:

- (1) The facts of my case:
- (2) The elements of the charged offenses, prior convictions, enhancements, and special allegations;
- (3) Any defenses that I may have;
- (4) My constitutional and statutory rights and waiver of those rights;
- (5) The consequences of this plea, including the immigration consequences; and
- (6) Anything else I think is important to my case.

PΙ	EOP	LE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA V.	CASE NUMBER:			
D	efen	dant(s):				
6.	b.	Questions I have no further questions of the court or of my attorney with regard to my plea and the rights, or anything else on this form.	d admissions in this case, any of	INITIALS		
 Stipulation to Commissioner I understand that I have the right to have a judge take my plea and sentence me. I give up this right and agree to have a commmissioner, sitting as a temporary judge, take my plea and sentence me. 						
	d.	Medications or Controlled Substances I am not taking any medication that affects my ability to understand this form and the not recently consumed any alcohol or drugs, and am not suffering from any medical medical substances.				
	e.	Court Approval of Plea Agreement I understand that the plea agreement in item 2 (on pages 1 and 2) is based on the f that if the court approves this plea agreement the approval of the court is not bindin its approval of the plea agreement upon further consideration of the matter. I undersapproval of this plea agreement I will be allowed to withdraw my plea. (Pen. Code, §	g, and that the court may withdraw stand that if the court withdraws its			
7. STATUTORY RIGHT TO A PRELIMINARY HEARING I understand that before I have a trial, the law gives me the right to a speedy preliminary hearing at which the prosecution would produce evidence and the court must find reasonable cause to believe I committed the crimes with which I have been charged. I understand that I have all of the above constitutional rights at the preliminary hearing, except for the right to a jury trial.						
	Ιg	ive up my right to a preliminary hearing and the constitutional rights listed in it	tem 5 (on page 4).			
B. WAIVER OF CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS I give up, for each of the charges and allegations listed in item 1 (on page 1), my right to a jury trial, my right to a court trial, my right to confront and cross-examine witnesses, my right to remain silent and not to incriminate myself, and my right to produce evidence and to present a defense, including my right to testify on my own behalf. I understand that I am, in fact, incriminating myself with my plea.						
9.	тн	E PLEA				
	ad	eely and voluntarily plead GUILTY NO CONTEST to the charges list mit the allegations listed in item 1 (on page 1), understanding that this plea and admitted in item 2 (on pages 1 and 2).	ed in item 1 (on page 1) and ission will lead to the penalties			
	a.	I offer my plea of guilty or no contest freely and voluntarily and with full understandi. No one has made any threats; used any force against me, my family, or my loved o me, except as listed in this form, in order to convince me to plead guilty or no conte	nes; or made any promises to			
	b.	I understand that the court is required to find a factual basis for my plea to maplea to the proper offenses under the facts of the case.	ake sure that I am entering a			
		I offer to the court the following as the basis for my plea of guilty or no contest	st and any admissions:			
		(1) I understand that the court may consider the following as proof of the fac	tual basis for my plea:			
		 (a) Preliminary hearing transcript (b) Police report (c) Probation report (d) Welfare investigator's declaration (e) Court documents regarding any alleged prior offenses (f) Other(specify): (g) (Specify facts): 				

I concur in the plea and admissions and join in the waiver of the defendant's constitutional and statutory rights, and I hereby stipulate that there is a factual basis for the plea and refer the court to the _____ police report _____ preliminary hearing transcript _____ probation report _____ other (specify): (People v. West (1970) 3 Cal.3d 595.)

Date:	

(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)

(SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY)

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA v.	CASE NUMBER:
Defendant(s):	
INTERPRETER'S	STATEMENT
I, having been duly sworn or having a written oath on file, certify that I t language noted below.	
Language: Spanish Other (specify):	
Date:	(OFFITFICATION)
	(CERTIFICATION NUMBER)
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)	(SIGNATURE OF INTERPRETER)
DISTRICT ATTORNEY	"S STATEMENT
DIOTRIOT ATTORNET	
I have read this form and understand the terms of the plea agreement.	
I agree do not agree with the terms of the plea agreement	and the indicated sentence.
Date:	
	•
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)	(SIGNATURE OF DISTRICT ATTORNEY)
COURT'S FINDINGS	S AND ORDER
The court, having reviewed this form (and any addenda), and having or	rally examined the defendant, finds as follows:
1. The initialed items in this form have been read by or read to the def	fendant, and the defendant understands each of them.
The defendant understands the nature of the crimes and allegation the plea and any admissions.	s listed in item 1 (on page 1) and the consequences of
3. The defendant expressly, knowingly, understandingly, and intelligent this plea.	ntly waives the constitutional and statutory rights associated with
4. The defendant's plea, admissions, and waiver of rights are made from	eely and voluntarily.
 A factual basis exists for the plea and admissions, or the defendant West. 	t is pleading under a plea bargain under <i>People v.</i>
The court accepts the defendant's plea, admissions, and waiver of righ thereon.	ts, and the defendant is hereby convicted based
It is ordered that this document be filed with the court's records of this cand waiver of rights be accepted and entered in the minutes of this cou	
Date:	•
	(SIGNATURE OF JUDICIAL OFFICER)

						CR-102
SU	PER	RIOR COURT OF CALIFOR	NIA, COUNTY OF		FOR COURT USE ONLY	
STI	REET	ADDRESS:				
MA	LING A	ADDRESS:				
CITY	AND :	ZIP CODE:				
	BRAN	NCH NAME:				
PE	OPLE	E OF THE STATE OF CALIFOR	RNIA			
_		V.				
De	fenda	lant(s):				
		DOMEST	C VIOLENCE PLEA FORM		CASE NUMBER:	
		WITH WAIVER	R OF RIGHT <mark>S—</mark> MISDEMEANO	DR		
Ins	truc	ctions:		,		
			nt to plead guilty or no contest.			
			ach item, if you understand and ag	gree with what you rea	ad, put your initials in the box to	
			em that does not apply to you or th			
•	Sig	nn and date the form under '	'DEFENDANT'S STATEMENT" or	n påge 3.	,	
•			nnot give legal advice. If you have	an attorney and have	questions about anything in this	
	forr	m, ask your attorney.				INITIALS
1.	Cha	arges and Maximum Penal	ties. I want to plead guilty or no co	ontest to the charges I	isted below. I understand that	
	the r	maximum penalties for the	charges to which I am pleading gu	ilty or no contest are li	isted below.	
			CHARGES	Ι ΜΔΧΙ	MUM PENALTY	
	СО	OUNT (SEC	TION & DESCRIPTION)		(FINE & JAIL)	
					+	
2.	Prio	or Convictions. I understan	d that I am also charged with a pr	ior conviction in case r	number(s):	
3.	Prol	bation Violations. I unders	tand that I am also charged with a	violation of probation	in case number(s):	
			3			
4	D:I	1.4.4. 4.4. (1	i - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	a. A. I		
			is box blank if you have an attorn ughout the proceedings. If I canno			
			up my right to be represented b		mey, the court will appoint one	
		er Constitutional Rights. I r convictions (if any) listed ir	understand that I am entitled to en items 1 and 2 (above):	ach of the following rig	ghts concerning the charges and	
	-		, ,	adv and nublic jum tric	al At the trial I would be	
			rstand that I have a right to a spend I could not be convicted unless			
			were convinced beyond a reason			
		•	·		•	
			ss-examine witnesses. I underst			
			ying against me. This means that presence and I or my attorney may		produce the witnesses in court	
			,	•		
			I not incriminate myself. I under			
			ed as evidence against me. I unde	erstand that I also have	e the right not to incriminate	
		myself and I cannot be forc	eu to testily.			

Page 1 of 3

me to plead guilty or no contest.

PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA v.	CASE NUMBER:
Defendant(s):	
	INITIALS
11. Prior Convictions. I freely and voluntarily admit the prior convictions admission may increase the penalties that are imposed on me.	
12. Probation Violations. I freely and voluntarily admit the probation vio	plations (if any) listed in item 3.
13. Sentencing. I understand that I have a right to delay my sentencing plea. I give up this right and agree to be sentenced at this time.	at least 6 hours and as long as 5 days after my
DEFENDANT'S ST	ATEMENT
I have read or have had read to me this form and have initialed each have discussed each item with my attorney. By putting my initials understand and agree with what is stated in each item that I have in the effects of any prior convictions and probation violations have boutlined above and I give up each of them to enter my plea. Date:	next to the items in this form, I am indicating that I nitialed. The nature of the charges, possible defenses, and
	•
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)	SIGNATURE OF DEFENDANT
ATTORNEY'S STA	ATEMENT
Date:)
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)	SIGNATURE OF ATTORNEY
INTERPRETER'S ST	FATEMENT
l, having been duly sworn or having a written oath on file, certify that I trubelow.	uly translated this form to the defendant in the language noted
Language: Spanish Other (specify):	
Date:	(OFFICIAL TIONALIMATER)
	(CERTIFICATION NUMBER)
(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)	SIGNATURE OF INTERPRETER
COURT'S FINDINGS	
The court, having reviewed this form and having orally examined the defunderstands each of the initialed items on this form; (b) the defendant uritems 1, 2, and 3 and the consequences of the plea and any admissions intelligently waives his or her constitutional and statutory rights; and (d) the constitutional and statutory rights;	fendant, finds that (a) the defendant has read or been read and nderstands the nature of the crimes and allegations listed in
The court accepts the defendant's plea, admissions, and waiver of rights It is ordered that this document be filed with the court's records of this ca	the defendant's plea, admissions, and waiver of rights are made s, and the defendant is hereby convicted based thereon.
freely and voluntarily. The court accepts the defendant's plea, admissions, and waiver of rights It is ordered that this document be filed with the court's records of this carights be accepted and entered in the minutes of this court.	the defendant's plea, admissions, and waiver of rights are made s, and the defendant is hereby convicted based thereon.
The court accepts the defendant's plea, admissions, and waiver of rights It is ordered that this document be filed with the court's records of this ca	the defendant's plea, admissions, and waiver of rights are made s, and the defendant is hereby convicted based thereon.

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF	FOR COURT USE ONLY
STREET ADDRESS:	
MAILING ADDRESS:	DRAFT
CITY AND ZIP CODE:	Not approved by
BRANCH NAME:	the Judicial Council
PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA	tilo oddiolai oddiioli
v. DEFENDANT:	
	CASE NUMBER:
PROHIBITED PERSONS RELINQUISHMENT FORM FINDINGS	
•	FOR COURT USE ONLY
(Pen. Code, § 29810(c))	Date:
	Time:
	Department:

Any reference to "firearm" throughout this form includes any firearms (guns), receivers, frames, and any item that may be used as or easily turned into a receiver or frame (see Penal Code section 16351). The defendant is prohibited from owning, purchasing, receiving, possessing, or having under his or her custody any firearms, ammunition, and ammunition feeding devices, including but not limited to magazines, and shall relinquish all firearms under Penal Code section 29810.

magazines, and shall relinquish all firearms <mark>under</mark> Penal Code section 29810. THE COURT FINDS
Compliance 1 Defendant has completed a <i>Prohibited Persons Relinquishment Form</i> ; and
a defendant relinquished all firearms per the probation officer's report and provided relinquishment receipts; or
b defendant was allowed an alternative method of relinquishment under Penal Code section 29810(f) and relinquished all firearms under an alternative method.
4. Defendant has no reportable firearms per the probation officer's report.
Noncompliance Noncompliance
5. Defendant has not completed a <i>Prohibited Persons Relinquishment Form</i> .
6. Defendant has not complied with the relinquishment requirements of Penal Code section 29810.
7. Search warrant required; matter referred to the prosecuting agency of the county for appropriate action.

(DATE)

(SIGNATURE OF JUDICIAL OFFICER)

SP22-12 Definition of *Firearm* (Forms CR-101, CR-102, and CR-210)

All comments are verbatim unless indicated by an asterisk (*).

	Commenter	Position	Comment	Committee Response
1.	California Department of Justice Division of Law Enforcement, Bureau of Firearms by Charlie Sarosy, Deputy Attorney General	AM	The Bureau of Firearms (BOF), within the Division of Law Enforcement in the California Department of Justice, respectfully submits this public comment regarding the revisions made to two Judicial Council plea forms and one firearms relinquishment form pursuant to Assembly Bill 1621 (Stats. 2022, ch. 76) (AB 1621). This comment will first address the revisions made to the CR-101 and CR-102 forms. For the reasons described below, the following revision is recommended for both forms: that the phrase "firearms, firearm parts (any receiver, frame, or unfinished receiver or frame as defined in Penal Code section 16531), or ammunition" be revised to "firearms, receivers/frames, firearm precursor parts (as defined in Penal Code section 16531), or ammunition."	The committee recommends the use of "firearm
			the BOF, or other law enforcement agencies, to collectively refer to receivers, frames, and unfinished receivers or frames. In addition to being an unfamiliar term, "firearm parts" also lacks any statutory definition. Further, connecting "unfinished receiver or	parts" as a plain language term to refer to frames, receivers, and firearm precursor parts. The committee believes that a significant portion of court users would better understand what items are prohibited through referring to them as "firearm parts." The committee agrees, in part, and will replace
			frame" with Penal Code section 16531 is inaccurate because AB 1621 eliminated these terms from section 16531. Before AB 1621, section 16531 defined a "firearm precursor part" as "a component of a firearm that is necessary to	"unfinished receiver or frame" with "any item that may be used as or easily turned into a receiver or frame (see Penal Code section 16531)."

Definition of *Firearm* (Forms CR-101, CR-102, and CR-210)

All comments are verbatim unless indicated by an asterisk (*).

build or assemble a firearm and is described in either of the following categories: (1) An unfinished receiver (2) An unfinished handgun frame." (Former Pen. Code, § 16531, subd. (a).) But AB 1621 amended section 16531 and replaced the previously-described definition of a firearm precursor part with the following: "any forging, casting, printing, extrusion, machined body or similar article [1] that has reached a stage in manufacture where it may readily be completed, assembled or converted to be used as the frame or receiver of a functional firearm, or [2] that is marketed or sold to the public to become or be used as the frame or receiver of a functional firearm once completed, assembled or converted." (Pen. Code, § 16531, subd. (a).) The terms "unfinished receiver" and "unfinished frame" no longer appear in Penal Code section 16531 because of AB 1621. Indeed, this fact is acknowledged at page 2, footnote 2 in Item SP22-12's Invitation to Comment. Thus, continuing to use those terms and tying them to section 16531 contradicts the current wording of the statute. Moreover, the BOF does not use "unfinished receiver or frame" in its Firearm Precursor Part Identification Guidebook, available here, https://oag.ca.gov/system/files/media/bof-regrev-fpp-id-guidebook.pdf, or in the related regulations. (See also Cal. Code Regs., tit. 11, § 4303.) Accordingly, it is recommended that "firearm parts (any receiver, frame, or unfinished receiver or frame as defined in Penal Code

Definition of *Firearm* (Forms CR-101, CR-102, and CR-210)

All comments are verbatim unless indicated by an asterisk (*).

section 16531)" be replaced with: "receivers/frames, firearm precursor parts (as defined in Penal Code section 16531)."

This recommended iteration is clearer because the terms "receiver" and "frame" are defined under California regulations (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 11, § 4303(a)(3), (6)), and federal regulations (Definition of "Frame or Receiver" and Identification of Firearms, 87 Fed. Reg. 24652, 24739, codified at 27 C.F.R. pts. 447, 478 and 479). Although "firearm precursor part" might be a relatively new term, the reference to the specific Penal Code section will assist with understanding its meaning. A plain language description of a "firearm precursor part" would likely be too cumbersome because of the two categories of such an item, i.e., a readily convertible item or a marketed/sold item. (Pen. Code, § 16531, subd, (a).)

This recommended iteration is also more consistent with the wording in Penal Code section 16520, subdivision (b), which is the basis for including this language in these court forms. That language states: "As used in the following provisions, 'firearm' includes the frame or receiver of the weapon: weapon, including both a completed frame or receiver, or a firearm precursor part." (Pen. Code, § 16520, subd. (b).) Although there is a separate statutory definition for a "federally regulated firearm precursor part" under Penal Code section 16519, it is unnecessary to mention that term because such an item is considered a firearm pursuant to

The committee believes a plain language description of a "firearm precursor part" is helpful to insure that restrained persons are as aware as possible of the prohibition.

The committee agrees, in part, and has modified the reference to prohibited items to generally refer to: any firearms (guns), firearm parts, and ammunition. This includes firearm receivers and frames, and any item that may be used as or easily turned into a receiver or frame (see Penal Code section 16531).

Definition of *Firearm* (Forms CR-101, CR-102, and CR-210)

All comments are verbatim unless indicated by an asterisk (*).

federal law, and thus would fall within the meaning of a "firearm."

With regards to the CR-210 form, it is recommended that the first sentence of the form. "Any reference to 'firearm' throughout this form includes receivers, frames, or unfinished receivers or frames, as defined in Penal Code section 16531," be revised to the following: "Any reference to 'firearm' throughout this form includes receivers, frames, or firearm precursor parts (as defined in Penal Code section 16531)." The reasoning for this recommendation is the same as previously described for the recommended revisions to the CR-101 and CR-102 forms. Moreover, placing the "as defined in Penal Code section 16531" phrase in a parenthetical will clarify that section 16531 is relevant only to the definition of a firearm precursor part, not a receiver or frame.

The committee agrees, in part, and has modified the reference to prohibited items to generally refer to: any firearms (guns), firearm parts, and ammunition. This includes firearm receivers and frames, and any item that may be used as or easily turned into a receiver or frame (see Penal Code section 16531).

Another revision, unrelated to AB 1621, is also recommended for the CR-210 form. Specifically, more identifying information about the defendant described in the form would assist the BOF and local law enforcement agencies when this form is used to enforce the relinquishment order. Currently, the only requested identifying information in the CR-210 form is a blank space for the defendant's name in the caption for the case title. A handwritten name, which typically lacks the defendant's middle name, is nearly always insufficient to identify exactly who is the defendant. Thus, if the court finds the defendant falls into one of the

These comments are beyond the scope of the current proposal. The committee will defer consideration of these suggestions to a future proposal cycle.

SP22-12 Definition of *Firearm* (Forms CR-101, CR-102, and CR-210)

All comments are verbatim unless indicated by an asterisk (*).

			"Non-Compliance" categories listed on the form, a law enforcement agency would unlikely be able to use the form to retrieve the defendant's firearms or obtain a search warrant because the agency could not use this form to identify the defendant. Accordingly, it is recommended that the following identifying information for the defendant be added to the CR-210 form: (1) full name; (2) date of birth; (3) driver's license or other California identification number; (4) specifying whether the defendant is on formal or informal probation; and (5) if the defendant is on formal probation, whether the defendant is assigned to a probation officer.	
2.	Superior Court of Orange County By Iyana Doherty, Courtroom Operations Supervisor	AM	No specific comments will be submitted as Orange County has its own Tahl Form and committee approval process and these forms are still listed as optional If approved, we will look at modified language related to firearms and consider revisions to local forms during next review cycle No comments for CR-210	The committee appreciates the comments.
3.	Superior Court of San Diego County By Mike Roddy, Executive Officer		Does the proposal appropriately address the stated purpose? Yes. Would the proposal provide cost savings? If so, please quantify. No. What would the implementation requirements be for courts—for example, training staff (please)	The committee appreciates the comments.

Definition of *Firearm* (Forms CR-101, CR-102, and CR-210)

All comments are verbatim unless indicated by an asterisk (*).

	identify position and expected hours of training), revising processes and procedures (please describe), changing docket codes in case management systems, or modifying case management systems? Revisions to internal procedures, local packets, and training for staff.	
	Would three months from Judicial Council approval of this proposal until its effective date provide sufficient time for implementation, or would January 1 be a better effective date? January 1, 2023 would be the preferred effective date since the forms are mandatory and the new law is already operative. It would benefit courts to have JCC approved forms prior to March 1, 2023. How well would this proposal work in courts of difference sizes? It appears that the proposal would work for courts of all sizes.	The committee discussed the comment but recommends a March 1, 2023 effective date in order to give other courts sufficient time to implement the changes, based on the feedback of judicial administrators on the committee.
	No additional comments.	