

JUDICIAL COUNCIL OF CALIFORNIA

455 Golden Gate Avenue • San Francisco, California 94102-3688 www.courts.ca.gov

REPORT TO THE JUDICIAL COUNCIL

Item No.: 22-157
For business meeting on September 20, 2022

Title

CEQA Actions: New Projects and Fees for Expedited Review

Rules, Forms, Standards, or Statutes Affected Amend Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.2200, 3.2220, 3.2221, 3.2223, 3.2240, 8.700, 8.702, 8.703, and 8.705

Recommended by

Appellate Advisory Committee Hon. Louis R. Mauro, Chair Civil and Small Claims Advisory Committee Hon. Tamara L. Wood, Chair

Agenda Item Type

Action Required

Effective Date
January 1, 2023

Date of Report June 16, 2022

Contact

Christy Simons, 415-865-7694 christy.simons@jud.ca.gov James Barolo, 415-865-8928 james.barolo@jud.ca.gov

Executive Summary

As mandated by the Legislature, the Judicial Council previously adopted rules and established procedures that implemented a statutory scheme for the expedited resolution of actions and proceedings brought under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) challenging certain projects that qualified for such streamlined procedures. The Appellate Advisory Committee and the Civil and Small Claims Advisory Committee recommend amending several California Rules of Court to implement new and reenacted legislation requiring inclusion of additional projects for streamlined review. The committees also recommend rule amendments to implement statutory provisions requiring that, in cases under two of the statutes, the council, by rule of court, establish fees to be paid by those project applicants to the trial court and Court of Appeal for the costs of streamlined CEQA review.

Recommendation

The Appellate Advisory Committee and the Civil and Small Claims Advisory Committee recommend that the Judicial Council, effective January 1, 2023:

- 1. Amend California Rules of Court, rules 3.2200, 3.2220, 3.2221, 3.2223, 8.700, 8.702, and 8.703 to add "environmental leadership transit projects" as a "streamlined CEQA project"; and
- 2. Amend rules 3.2240 and 8.705 to implement statutory provisions requiring the payment of trial court and appellate court costs for review of cases concerning "environmental leadership development projects" and "environmental leadership transit projects."

The proposed amended rules are attached at pages 7–14.

Relevant Previous Council Action

Since 2011, the Legislature has enacted numerous bills providing expedited judicial review for legal challenges brought under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) for specified projects. Initially, the Legislature enacted the Jobs and Economic Improvement Through Environmental Leadership Act of 2011, which provided for expedited review of CEQA challenges to so-called environmental leadership projects and required that these cases be brought directly to the Court of Appeal for judicial review and that project applicants pay the costs of adjudicating the cases. (See Assem. Bill 900; Stats. 2011, ch. 354.) To implement the required appellate court fees in AB 900, the council adopted the predecessor to rule 8.705.

In 2013, the Legislature amended several statutes pertaining to environmental leadership projects to remove the requirement of judicial review directly in the Court of Appeal and to require that actions or proceedings involving CEQA challenges, including any appeals, be resolved within 270 days of certification of the record of proceedings. (See Sen. Bill 743; Stats. 2013, ch. 386.) SB 743 also included a new statute providing for expedited review of CEQA challenges to projects related to a new Sacramento basketball arena. To implement SB 743, the council adopted rules 3.2220–3.2231 and 8.700–8.705, which in addition to providing expedited review for the specified projects also set out certain pleading and service requirements and incentives to help streamline judicial review.

In 2016, Senate Bill 836 (Stats. 2016, ch. 31) added another set of projects to receive expedited CEQA review, "capitol building annex projects." Thereafter, the council amended the trial court and appellate rules governing expedited CEQA review to include such projects.

In 2018 and 2020, the Legislature enacted four more bills adding additional projects to receive expedited CEQA review: Assembly Bill 734 (Stats. 2018, ch. 959), Oakland ballpark projects; Assembly Bill 987 (Stats. 2018, ch. 961), Inglewood arena projects; Assembly Bill 1826 (Stats. 2018, ch. 40), expanded capitol building annex projects; and Assembly Bill 2731 (Stats. 2020, ch. 291), San Diego Old Town Center projects. Two of the bills, AB 734 and AB 987, also provided that the person or entity that applied for certification of an Oakland ballpark or an Inglewood arena project must pay for "any additional costs incurred by the courts in hearing and deciding any [CEQA] case." (Pub. Resources Code, §§ 21168.6.7(d)(6), 21168.6.8(b)(6).) Accordingly, in March of this year the council amended rules governing expedited CEQA review to (1) include the four new projects to receive expedited CEQA review, (2) require applicants of

Oakland ballpark and Inglewood arena projects to pay trial and appellate court fees based on "additional" court costs, and (3) make other conforming changes.

Analysis/Rationale

In 2021, the Legislature enacted two bills related to expedited CEQA review. First, Senate Bill 7 (Stats. 2021, ch. 19)¹ reenacted with certain changes the Jobs and Economic Improvement Through Environmental Leadership Act of 2011 (initially enacted by AB 900), which was repealed by its own terms January 1, 2021. Both the prior and reenacted law provide for certification and expedited CEQA review of certain large projects that replace old facilities, reduce pollution, and generate jobs. (See Pub. Resources Code, § 21178 et seq.) Such projects are now referred to as "environmental leadership development projects" rather than "environmental leadership projects" to distinguish them from "environmental leadership transit projects," which are discussed next.

Second, Senate Bill 44 (Stats. 2021, ch. 633)² added sustainable public transit projects in Los Angeles in preparation for the 2028 Summer Olympic and Paralympic Games to the list of projects to receive expedited CEQA review. (See Pub. Resources Code, § 21168.6.9.) These projects are referred to as "environmental leadership transit projects." Both bills require project applicants to pay trial and appellate court costs for expedited adjudication of CEQA challenges.

The amended rules implement SB 44 by adding "environmental leadership transit projects" to the list of projects to which the existing rules for expedited CEQA review apply. As required by SB 7 and SB 44, the rules also now include new fees for trial court and appellate court costs for review of "environmental leadership transit projects" and new fees for trial court review of "environmental leadership development projects." The existing fee for appellate review of "environmental leadership development projects" has also been updated.

Amendments to add environmental leadership transit projects

Several of the rule amendments add statutory citations and the phrase "environmental leadership transit project" to existing rules to implement SB 44's provision that such projects receive expedited CEQA review. (See, e.g., proposed rules 3.2200, 3.2220, 8.700.) Other than referring to "environmental leadership *development* projects" rather than "environmental leadership projects," no amendments are needed to include environmental leadership development projects (SB 7) in the type of projects that receive expedited CEQA review. Such projects were added to the rules in 2012 to implement the original environmental leadership act, AB 900.

New fees for trial and appellate courts

Existing rule 8.705(1) requires the person or entity that applied for certification of a project as an environmental leadership development project to pay a fee to the Court of Appeal. The rule is based on former Public Resources Code section 21183(e) (in effect until December 31, 2020),

¹ SB 7 may be viewed at https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billTextClient.xhtml?bill id=202120220SB7.

² SB 44 may be viewed at https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billTextClient.xhtml?bill_id=202120220SB44.

which provided that such persons or entities agree to "pay the costs of the Court of Appeal in hearing and deciding any [CEQA] case" and did not provide any such fee for trial courts.

Amended Public Resources Code section 21183(f) now provides that the person or entity that applied for certification of a project as an environmental leadership development project must "pay the costs of the *trial court and the court of appeal* in hearing and deciding any case challenging" the project under CEQA (italics added). Similarly, newly added section 21168.6.9 provides an identical requirement for environmental leadership transit project applicants.

Accordingly, amended rule 8.705 requires environmental leadership transit project applicants to pay a fee to the Court of Appeal. Similarly, amended rule 3.2240³ requires the payment of a fee to the trial court by the person or entity that applied for certification of a project as an environmental leadership development project and requires the payment of a fee to the trial court by the project applicant of an environmental leadership transit project.

New and amended fee amounts

New Public Resources Code sections 21183(f) and 21168.6.9(b)(3) require the person or entity that applied for certification of an environmental leadership development project and environmental leadership transit project applicants, respectively, to pay the costs of the trial court and the Court of Appeal in "a form and manner specified by the Judicial Council, as provided in the California Rules of Court." To implement these statutory requirements, the amended rules include new fees for trial court costs for both types of projects, a new fee for appellate court costs for environmental leadership transit projects, and an updated fee for appellate court costs for environmental leadership development projects.

In March 2022, the council amended the rules of court to set court fees for expedited CEQA review for Oakland ballpark and Inglewood arena projects as required by statute.⁴ Specifically, Public Resources Code sections 21168.6.7(d)(6) (Oakland ballpark) and 21168.6.8(b)(6) (Inglewood arena) require the project applicants to pay a fee for the "additional costs" to the courts for expedited review. As described in the March 2022 report, those fees were derived from the estimate that the amount of time to adjudicate expedited CEQA cases is 91 full-time working days of a judicial officer and a research attorney in each of the courts. The fees did not include estimates for benefits, overhead, clerical time, and the time of other appellate justices assigned to the panel because those costs are already incurred by the courts in processing their cases, including expedited CEQA cases.

Public Resources Code sections 21168.6.9(b)(3) and 21183(f), which govern environmental leadership transit and environmental leadership development projects, require project applicants to pay "the cost" to the courts without any limitation of such costs to "additional costs."

³ For clarity, amended rule 3.2240 has been added to a new article 3 titled "Trial Court Costs."

⁴ Judicial Council of Cal., Advisory Com. Rep., *CEQA Actions: New Projects and Fees for Expedited Review* (Mar. 2, 2022), https://jcc.legistar.com/View.ashx?M=F&ID=10565631&GUID=6D8B30CC-D416-44C2-A4F0-D857024D2730.

Accordingly, the new and updated fee amounts for environmental leadership development and environmental leadership transit projects are based on the fees set in March 2022 for Oakland ballpark and Inglewood arena projects, but also include estimates for benefits, overhead, clerical time, and the time of other appellate justices assigned to the panel.

The committees recommend that the trial court fee for expedited review of an environmental leadership transit or environmental leadership development project CEQA case be set at \$180,000, which was calculated with the following components:

- The estimated cost of salary and benefits for 91 full-time working days for a trial court judge;
- The estimated cost of salary and benefits for 91 full-time working days for a trial court research attorney; and
- An estimate for overhead and clerical time in the trial court.

The committees also recommend that the Court of Appeal fee for expedited review of an environmental leadership transit or environmental leadership development project CEQA case be set at \$215,000, which was calculated with the following components:

- The estimated cost of salary and benefits for 91 full-time working days for the appellate justice primarily assigned to the case;
- The estimated cost of salary and benefits for 20 hours for each of the other two appellate justices assigned to the case;
- The estimated cost of salary and benefits for 91 full-time working days for an appellate court research attorney; and
- An estimate for overhead and clerical time in the Court of Appeal.

As permitted by the statutes, the rules also allow for costs for any special master required for the matter to be charged directly to the project developer, as is currently provided in the environmental leadership development cases as well as those concerning Oakland ballpark or Inglewood arena projects.

Policy implications

The committees recommend the amended rules to implement legislation and to ensure that the rules conform to law. The policy choices have been made by the Legislature.

Comments

The proposal circulated for public comment from April 1, 2022, until May 13, 2022. The committees received a single comment supporting the proposed rule amendments from the

Orange County Bar Association. A chart setting forth the comment and committees' response is attached at page 15.

Alternatives considered

Because the amended rules and fees are mandated by the Legislature, the committees did not consider the alternative of not amending the rules.

Fiscal and Operational Impacts

Implementing the new legislation requiring expedited review of CEQA challenges to new project types will certainly generate costs and operational impacts for both the trial court and the Court of Appeal in which the proceedings governed by these statutes are held. In particular, the legislation requires that courts prioritize these cases and devote considerable concentrated resources to resolve them, to the extent feasible, within the prescribed time. The primary operational impact is expected to be the additional time that other cases will have to wait while these cases move to the front of the line. The committees do not anticipate that this rule proposal will result in additional costs to other courts.

Attachments and Links

- 1. Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.2200, 3.2220, 3.2221, 3.2223, 3.2240, 8.700, 8.702, 8.703, and 8.705, at pages 7–14
- 2. Chart of comments, at page 15
- 3. Link A: Senate Bill 7, https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billTextClient.xhtml?bill_id=202120220SB7
- 4. Link B: Senate Bill 44, https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billTextClient.xhtml?bill_id=202120220SB44

Rules 3.2200, 3.2220, 3.2221, 3.2223, 3.2240, 8.700, 8.702, 8.703, and 8.705 of the California Rules of Court are amended, effective January 1, 2023, to read:

Rule 3.2200. Application 1 2 3 Except as otherwise provided in chapter 2 of the rules in this division, which govern 4 actions under Public Resources Code sections 21168.6.6-21168.6.821168.6.9, 21178-5 21189.3, 21189.50–21189.57, and 21189.70–21189.70.10, the rules in this chapter apply to all actions brought under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) as stated 6 7 in division 13 of the Public Resources Code. 8 9 10 Chapter 2. California Environmental Quality Act Proceedings Involving 11 **Streamlined CEQA Projects** 12 13 **Article 1. General Provisions** 14 15 Rule 3.2220. Definitions and application 16 17 **Definitions** (a) 18 19 As used in this chapter: 20 21 A "streamlined CEQA project" means any project within the definitions (1) 22 stated in (2) through (7)(8). 23 24 (2) An "environmental leadership development project" or "leadership project" 25 means a project certified by the Governor under Public Resources Code 26 sections 21182-21184. 27 28 (3) The "Sacramento entertainment and sports center project" or "Sacramento 29 arena project" means an entertainment and sports center project as defined by 30 Public Resources Code section 21168.6.6, for which the proponent provided 31 notice of election to proceed under that statute described in section 32 21168.6.6(j)(1). 33 34 An "Oakland sports and mixed-use project" or "Oakland ballpark project" (4) 35 means a project as defined in Public Resources Code section 21168.6.7 and 36 certified by the Governor under that section. 37 38 (5) An "Inglewood arena project" means a project as defined in Public Resources 39 Code section 21168.6.8 and certified by the Governor under that section. 40 41 An "expanded capitol building annex project" means a state capitol building (6) 42 annex project, annex project-related work, or state office building project as 43 defined by Public Resources Code section 21189.50.

1									
2		(7)	An "Old Town Center transit and transportation facilities project" or "Old						
3			Town Center project" means a project as defined in Public Resources Code						
4		section 21189.70.							
5		Section 21109.70.							
6		<u>(8)</u>	An "environmental leadership transit project" means a project as defined in						
7			Public Resources Code section 21168.6.9.						
8			2 went 1000 mees 0000 000 mees 21100 mees						
9	(b)	Proceedings governed							
10	(~)								
11		The ru	ules in this chapter govern actions or proceedings brought to attack, review,						
12			ide, void, or annul the certification of the environmental impact report or the						
13			of any project approvals for a streamlined CEQA project. Except as otherwise						
14		provided in Public Resources Code sections 21168.6.6—21168.6. 821168.6.9,							
15		21178–21189.3, 21189.50–21189.57, and 21189.70–21189.70.10 and these rules,							
16			the provisions of the Public Resources Code and the CEQA Guidelines adopted by						
17		the Natural Resources Agency (Cal. Code Regs., tit. 14, § 15000 et seq.) governing							
18		judicial actions or proceedings to attack, review, set aside, void, or annul acts or							
19			decisions of a public agency on the grounds of noncompliance with the California						
20			Environmental Quality Act and the rules of court generally apply in proceedings						
21			governed by this rule.						
22		υ	, and the second						
23	(c)	Comp	olex case rules						
24	()	•							
25		* * *							
26									
27	Rule	3.2221	1. Time						
28									
29	(a)	Exten	asions of time						
30									
31		* * *							
32									
33	(b)	Exten	asions of time by parties						
34									
35		If the	parties stipulate to extend the time for performing any acts in actions						
36		gover	ned by these rules, they are deemed to have agreed that the statutorily						
37		presci	ribed time for resolving the action may be extended by the <u>stipulated</u> number						
38		of day	ys by which the performance of the act has been stipulated to be extended of						
39		the ex	ttension, and to that extent to have waived any objection to noncompliance						
40		with t	he deadlines for completing review stated in Public Resources Code sections						
41		21168	8.6.6 <u>21168.6. 821168.6.9</u> , 21185, 21189.51, and 21189.70.3. Any such						

stipulation must be approved by the court.

1 Sanctions for failure to comply with rules (c) 2 3 If a party fails to comply with any time requirements provided in these rules or 4 ordered by the court, the court may issue an order to show cause as to why one of 5 the following sanctions should not be imposed: 6 7 (1)–(2) *** 8 9 If the failure to comply is by respondent or a real party in interest, removal of 10 the action from the expedited procedures provided under Public Resources 11 Code sections 21168.6.6—21168.6.821168.6.9, 21185, 21189.51, and 21189.70.3, and these rules; or 12 13 14 (4) 15 Rule 3.2223. Petition 16 17 18 In addition to any other applicable requirements, the petition must: 19 20 On the first page, directly below the case number, indicate that the matter is a (1) 21 "Streamlined CEQA Project"; 22 23 (2) State one of the following: 24 25 The proponent of the project at issue provided notice to the lead agency (A) 26 that it was proceeding under Public Resources Code section 21168.6.6, 27 21168.6.7, or 21168.6.8, or 21168.6.9 (whichever is applicable) and is 28 subject to this rule; or 29 30 (B) The project at issue was certified by the Governor as an environmental 31 leadership development project under Public Resources Code sections 32 21182–21184 and is subject to this rule; or 33 34 The project at issue is an expanded capitol building annex project as 35 defined by Public Resources Code section 21189.50 and is subject to 36 this rule; or 37 38 (D) The project at issue is an Old Town Center project as defined by Public 39 Resources Code section 21189.70 and is subject to this rule. 40 41 If an environmental leadership development, Oakland ballpark, or Inglewood (3) 42 arena project, provide notice that the person or entity that applied for 43 certification of the project as such a leadership project must make the

1			payments required by rule 3.2240 and, if the matter goes to the Court of					
2 3			Appeal, make the payments required by rule 8.705;					
<i>3</i>		(4)	If an Oakland ballpark or Inglewood arena project environmental leadership					
5		(1)	transit project, provide notice that the person or entity that applied for					
6			eertification of the project as an Oakland ballpark or Inglewood arena project					
7			applicant must make the payments required by rule 3.2240 and, if the matter					
8			goes to the Court of Appeal, the payments required by rule 8.705; and					
9								
10		(5)	* * *					
11								
12			Article 3. Trial Court Costs					
13								
14	Rule		10. Trial <u>c</u> ourt <u>c</u> osts in Oakland Ballpark and Inglewood Arena <u>certain</u>					
15		stre	amlined CEQA projects					
16	т с	1 (* 11	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)					
17			ent of the provisions in Public Resources Code sections 21168.6.7, and					
18 19			5.8, 21168.6.9, and 21183 regarding payment of trial court costs with respect to					
20			erning eertain streamlined CEQA environmental leadership development, ntal leadership transit, Oakland ballpark, and Inglewood arena projects:					
21	CIIVII	OHHIC	ntal leadership transit, Oakland banpark, and highwood arena projects.					
22	<u>(1)</u>	With	in 10 days after service of the petition or complaint in a case concerning an					
23	<u>(1)</u>		ronmental leadership development project, the person or entity that applied for					
24			fication of the project as an environmental leadership development project					
25			pay a fee of \$180,000 to the court.					
26								
27	(2)	With	in 10 days after service of the petition or complaint in a case concerning an					
28		envir	ronmental leadership transit project, the project applicant must pay a fee of					
29		<u>\$180</u>	0,000 to the court.					
30								
31	(1) (3	_	in 10 days after service of the petition or complaint in a case concerning an					
32			and ballpark project or an Inglewood arena project, the person or entity that					
33			ied for certification of the project as a streamlined CEQA project must pay a					
34		tee o	of \$120,000 to the court.					
35	(2)(4	\ T £ 41	- count in some the country of cours on soid most on any sint of but the count in the count					
36 37	(2) (4	*	e court incurs the costs of any special master appointed by the court in the case					
38			any contract personnel retained by the court to work on the case, the person or y that applied for certification of the project or the project applicant must also					
39			within 10 days of being ordered by the court, those incurred or estimated costs.					
40		puy,	within 10 days of being ordered by the court, those medited of estillated costs.					
41	(3) (5	(i) If the	e party fails to timely pay the fee or costs specified in this rule, the court may					
42	(-) <u>(</u> -	_	ose sanctions that the court finds appropriate after notifying the party and					
43		_	iding the party with an opportunity to pay the required fee or costs.					

1 2 (4)(6) Any fee or cost paid under this rule is not recoverable. 3 4 5 Chapter 1. Review of California Environmental Quality Act Cases Involving 6 **Streamlined CEQA Projects** 7 8 Rule 8.700. Definitions and application 9 10 **Definitions** (a) 11 12 As used in this chapter: 13 14 A "streamlined CEQA project" means any project within the definitions (1) 15 stated in (2) through (7)(8). 16 17 An "environmental leadership development project" or "leadership project" (2) 18 means a project certified by the Governor under Public Resources Code 19 sections 21182-21184. 20 21 (3) The "Sacramento entertainment and sports center project" or "Sacramento 22 arena project" means an entertainment and sports center project as defined by 23 Public Resources Code section 21168.6.6, for which the proponent provided 24 notice of election to proceed under that statute described in section 25 21168.6.6(j)(1). 26 27 (4) An "Oakland sports and mixed-use project" or "Oakland ballpark project" 28 means a project as defined in Public Resources Code section 21168.6.7 and 29 certified by the Governor under that section. 30 31 (5) An "Inglewood arena project" means a project as defined in Public Resources 32 Code section 21168.6.8 and certified by the Governor under that section. 33 34 An "expanded capitol building annex project" means a state capitol building (6) 35 annex project, annex project-related work, or state office building project as 36 defined by Public Resources Code section 21189.50. 37 38 **(7)** An "Old Town Center transit and transportation facilities project" or "Old 39 Town Center project" means a project as defined in Public Resources Code 40 section 21189.70. 41 42 An "environmental leadership transit project" means a project as defined in (8) 43 Public Resources Code section 21168.6.9.

1							
2	(b)	* * *	k .				
3							
4	Rul	e 8.7 02	2. Ap	peals			
5							
6	(a)	* * *	ŧ				
7							
8	(b)	Noti	ice of a	appeal			
9							
10		(1)	* * *	ķ			
11		(0)	~				
12		(2)	Con	tents of notice of appeal			
13			TC1				
14			The	notice of appeal must:			
15			(4)				
16			(A)	State that the superior court judgment or order being appealed is			
17				governed by the rules in this chapter;			
18 19			(D)	Indicate whether the judgment or order neutring to a streamlined CEOA			
20			(B)	Indicate whether the judgment or order pertains to a streamlined CEQA project; and			
21				project, and			
22			(C)	If the judgment or order being appealed pertains to an environmental			
23			(C)	leadership <u>development</u> project, an Oakland ballpark project, or an			
24				Inglewood arena project, provide notice that the person or entity that			
25				applied for certification or approval of the project as such a project			
26				must make the payments required by rule 8.705-; and			
27				mass make the payments required by rate 6.765. und			
28			<u>(D)</u>	If the judgment or order being appealed pertains to an environmental			
29			121	leadership transit project, provide notice that the project applicant must			
30				make the payments required by rule 8.705.			
31							
32	(c)-	(e) * *	*				
33	()	()					
34	(f)	Brie	fing				
35							
36		(1)-	(3) * *	*			
37							
38		(4)	Extensions of time to file briefs				
39							
40				parties stipulate to extend the time to file a brief under rule 8.212(b),			
41			they a	are deemed to have agreed that the statutorily prescribed time for			
42			resolv	ving the action may be extended by the stipulated number of days by			
43			whiel	h the parties stipulated to extend the time of the extension for filing the			

brief and, to that extent, to have waived any objection to noncompliance with 1 2 the deadlines for completing review stated in Public Resources Code sections 3 21168.6.6 <u>21168.6.8</u>21168.6.9, 21185, 21189.51, and 21189.70.3 for the 4 duration of the stipulated extension. 5 6 (5) 7 8 **(g)** 9 10 **Advisory Committee Comment** 11 12 Subdivision (b). It is very important to note that the time period to file a notice of appeal under 13 this rule is the same time period for filing most postjudgment motions in a case regarding the 14 Sacramento arena project, and in a case regarding any other streamlined CEQA project, the 15 deadline for filing a notice of appeal may be earlier than the deadline for filing a motion for a new 16 trial, a motion for reconsideration, or a motion to vacate the judgment. 17 18 Rule 8.703. Writ proceedings 19 20 (a) 21 22 Petition **(b)** 23 24 (1) 25 26 (2) Contents of petition 27 28 In addition to any other applicable requirements, the petition must: 29 30 (A) State that the superior court judgment or order being challenged is 31 governed by the rules in this chapter; 32 33 (B) Indicate whether the judgment or order pertains to a streamlined CEQA 34 project; and 35 36 (C) If the judgment or order pertains to an environmental leadership 37 development project, an Oakland ballpark project, or an Inglewood 38 arena project, provide notice that the person or entity that applied for 39 certification of the project as such a project must make the payments 40 required by rule 8.705.; and 41

(D) If the judgment or order pertains to an environmental leadership transit 1 2 project, provide notice that the project applicant must make the 3 payments required by rule 8.705. 4 5 Rule 8.705. Court of Appeal costs in certain streamlined CEQA projects 6 7 In fulfillment of the provisions in Public Resources Code sections 21168.6.7, 21168.6.8, 8 and 21168.6.9, and 21183 regarding payment of the Court of Appeal's costs with respect 9 to cases concerning environmental leadership development, environmental leadership transit, Oakland ballpark, and Inglewood arena projects: 10 11 12 **(1)** Within 10 days after service of the notice of appeal or petition in a case concerning 13 an environmental leadership development project, the person or entity that applied 14 for certification of the project as an environmental leadership development project must pay a fee of \$100,000 \$215,000 to the Court of Appeal. 15 16 17 Within 10 days after service of the notice of appeal or petition in a case concerning (2) 18 an environmental leadership transit project, the project applicant must pay a fee of 19 \$215,000 to the Court of Appeal. 20 21 (2)(3) Within 10 days after service of the notice of appeal or petition in a case concerning 22 an Oakland ballpark project or Inglewood arena project, the person or entity that 23 applied for certification of the project as an Oakland ballpark project or Inglewood 24 arena project must pay a fee of \$140,000 to the Court of Appeal. 25 26 (3)(4) If the Court of Appeal incurs the costs of any special master appointed by the Court 27 of Appeal in the case or of any contract personnel retained by the Court of Appeal 28 to work on the case, the person or entity that applied for certification of the project 29 or the project applicant as a leadership project, an Oakland ballpark project, or an 30 Inglewood arena project must also pay, within 10 days of being ordered by the 31 court, those incurred or estimated costs. 32 33 (4)(5) If the party fails to timely pay the fee or costs specified in this rule, the court may 34 impose sanctions that the court finds appropriate after notifying the party and

14

providing the party with an opportunity to pay the required fee or costs.

(5)(6) Any fee or cost paid under this rule is not a recoverable cost.

35

3637

SPR22-01

CEQA Actions: New Projects and Fees for Expedited Review (Amend Cal. Rules of Court, rules 3.2200, 3.2221, 3.2223, 3.2240, 8.700, 8.702, 8.703, and 8.705)

All comments are verbatim unless indicated by an asterisk (*).

	Commenter	Position	Comment	DRAFT Committees Response
1.	Orange County Bar Association by Daniel S. Robinson President	A		The committees appreciate the feedback and support for the proposal.
	Fresident		amendments appropriately address the stated purpose.	