2020 Edition of the California Trial Court Facilities Standards Judicial Council Meeting November 13, 2020

Agenda

 CFAC Working Group and its Key Objectives Lessons Learned COVID-19 Considerations Purpose of the Standards Summary of Significant Changes from 2006 to 2020 **Public Comments Received** CFAC Review Timeline **Proposed Implementation Recommended Action** IUDICIAL COUNCIL CALIFORNIA

CFAC Working Group

Working Group formed at direction of CFAC in February 2020

Members:

Hon. Patricia M. Lucas, Chair
Hon. William F. Highberger
Hon. Steven E. Jahr
Hon. Robert J. Trentacosta
Melissa Fowler-Bradley

11 Working Group meetings held February through August 2020



CFAC Working Group Key Objectives

Take advantage of lessons learned from completed projects.

Respond to evolving building technology and code requirements.

 Promote functional, cost-efficient projects over architectural statement projects.

Respond to evolving ways in which trial courts serve the public and administer justice.



Lessons Learned

 Secure attorney-client interview rooms at Santa Clara Family Justice Center use low maintenance, passive communication system successfully, for use in all future projects.

 Issues with some HVAC innovations, such as chilled beams at courthouses in Tulare, Butte, and San Joaquin counties, teach us to disallow them.

Buildings should not be oriented facing East/West, such as the Stockton Courthouse, to avoid high heat intake.

Child waiting areas should not be mandatory as several courts have not had funds to operate them as intended.



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COVID-19 Considerations

 Standards will be applied to design of future capital projects, for buildings with life spans of more than 50 years and not to address the near-term public health problem.

 Many long-term goals, such as efficient but smaller courtrooms, not intended to satisfy short-term social-distancing needs.

Measures are being implemented in existing facilities through a separate effort by local trial courts and Judicial Council Facilities Services.



Purpose of the Standards

Reflect best practices and successful solutions for basic components of a courthouse building.

Provide guidelines not addressed in Building Codes that are specific to courthouses.

Promote buildings that provide long-term value by balancing functional and security requirements with budget constraints.

Establish a presumptive requirement that *only* approved templates for multipurpose courtrooms be used in all new construction.



Significant Changes from 2006 to 2020

- Emphasized changes in the Guiding Principles, which influence the cost and design of courthouses.
- Incorporated the courtroom templates.
- Incorporated advancements in technology including:
 Information, Audiovisual, and Building Management Technology
 Security Systems
 - Included first-hand experience with completed projects. Captured latest trends in trial courts' service to the public. Added Judicial Council sustainability goals and objectives.



Summary of Significant Changes

Emphasis from *design excellence* to *functional, durable, maintainable, efficient, and secure* courthouses.

 Advancements added in technology including information, audiovisual, and building management technology and security systems. Information added on code requirements for emergency generators. Required connection point in new buildings for a temporary generator. Sustainability objectives added, LEED Silver required. Public high-volume spaces, such as jury assembly, located on lower floors. IUDICIAL COUNCIL

Summary of Significant Changes, continued

- Public spaces including lobby limited to 35' maximum height.
- Restriction against landscaping abutting the building, water features, green roofs, and green walls.
 - Designated law libraries not permitted.
 - Parking and holding cell metrics added.
 - Passive communication system required for attorney-client interview rooms.
 - For large projects, CFAC may approve second building entrance.

For high-profile cases, additional security screening may be provided.

Summary of Significant Changes, continued

Significant courtroom changes, such as: Judges' bench height to be 15" to 18". No theater-style seating permitted in gallery. 44" clear opening with *no gate* between the well and gallery. Doors to open into vestibule, not directly into public corridor. Incorporated the council's *Catalog of Courtroom Layouts:* Reduced number of floor plans. Established presumptive requirement that *only* approved templates for multipurpose courtrooms be used in all new construction. Built courtroom examples in lieu of mockups. Fit-and-finish-casework mockup only. IUDICIAL COUNCIL CALIFORNIA

Summary of Significant Changes, continued

 Jury Assembly used as a meeting space for training, jury selection, or community uses.

Clerk's office separated from Court Administration requirements.

- Fewer counters and larger self-help center as determined by program.
- CFAC reviews security risk assessment for new projects in pre-design.
- Child Waiting area is optional not mandatory.



Public Comments Received

- A total of 93 comments were received from:
 - 3 members of the public
 - 3 trial courts
 - 1 government agency

CFAC's review of comments resulted in revisions to 11 chapters from:
9 Significant changes
29 Minor changes
55 No changes



CFAC Review Timeline

	MILESTONE	DATE (All dates in 2020)
1.	 CFAC Meeting Update to the Facilities Standards is directed CFAC Working Group is formed 	February 5
2.	CFAC Working Group meetings with staff (11 meetings)	February through August
3.	CFAC MeetingDraft approved for public comment	July 10
4.	Public comment period (4 weeks)	July 13 through August 7
5.	Comments incorporated, CFAC Working Group review	August through September
6.	CFAC MeetingFinal Draft approved for JC adoption	September 21



Proposed Implementation

 Adopted Standards will be applicable to all new trial courthouse modifications and capital projects.

• Facilities Services will commence an education series for staff in 2021.

Education series will be open to trial courts.



Recommended Action

Court Facilities Advisory Committee recommends that the Council, effective today, adopt the California Trial Court Facilities Standards 2020.



QUESTIONS?



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