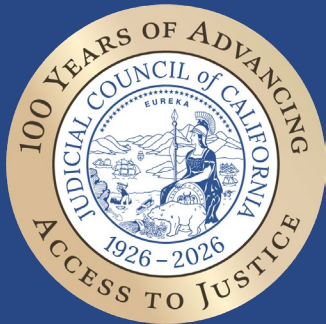


Proposed Rule for Reporting Civil Arrests in Court Facilities



Hon. Patricia L. Kelly, Chair, Trial Court Presiding Judges Advisory Committee

Hon. Scott R.L. Young, Cochair, Trial Court Presiding Judges Advisory Committee and
Court Executives Advisory Committee, Joint Rules Subcommittee

Mr. Sharif Elmallah, Cochair, Trial Court Presiding Judges Advisory Committee and
Court Executives Advisory Committee, Joint Rules Subcommittee

Rule 10.440: Goals of Reporting

Standardized process

- Ensures all courts follow the same approach to reporting civil arrests

Consistent data

- Produces comparable and reliable statewide information

Workable for courts

- Courts are required to report information that “is known”

Rule 10.440: Definition of “Civil Arrest”

A “civil arrest” is the arrest of, or a communicated intent to arrest, an individual for an alleged violation of civil law.

It does not include arrests for alleged violations of criminal law or for contempt.

Rule 10.440: Reporting Requirements

Date, time, and location of the civil arrest

Whether the individual was taken into custody

Name of the agency that conducted the arrest

Whether officers were in uniform or plain clothes

Whether officers presented law-enforcement identification

Whether officers presented a warrant, and, if so, the type of warrant

Rule 10.440: Key 2026 Implementation Dates

Rule Effective May 1

- Rule 10.440 goes into effect, establishing statewide reporting requirements for civil arrests in trial court facilities.

Public Dashboard Available in July

- The Judicial Council will publish a public-facing dashboard in July to display reported statewide civil arrest data.

June

May

July

Reporting Begins in June

- Courts must begin reporting all civil arrests that occur on or after June 1 in court facilities.

Questions?

