

## Judicial Council of California

455 Golden Gate Avenue · San Francisco, California 94102-3688 www.courts.ca.gov

# **REPORT TO THE JUDICIAL COUNCIL**

Item No.: 25-102 For business meeting on April 25, 2025

Title	Report Type
Protective Orders: Technical Change to	Action Required
Domestic Violence Form	
	Effective Date
Rules, Forms, Standards, or Statutes Affected	April 28, 2025
Revise form DV-130	
	Date of Report
Recommended by	April 2, 2025
Judicial Council staff	
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#### **Executive Summary**

Judicial Council staff recommend revisions to one domestic violence restraining order form to correct a technical error and to make other minor corrections. The form's revisions will avoid confusion over the expiration date of the order.

#### Recommendation

Judicial Council staff recommend that the Judicial Council, effective April 28, 2025, revise Restraining Order After Hearing (Order of Protection) (form DV-130) to correct the second bullet point in item 4 to refer to item 6a instead of item 5a, to change "shall" to "must" on page 10, to update the format of several citations on pages 10 and 11, and to correct grammatical errors on page 11.

#### **Relevant Previous Council Action**

The council last revised this form effective January 1, 2025, to implement Assembly Bill 92 (Connolly; Stats. 2023, ch 232).

#### Analysis/Rationale

The changes to this form are technical in nature and necessary to ensure that the form is accurate and consistent with other forms.

#### **Policy implications**

There are no policy implications to this proposal.

#### Comments

This proposal was not circulated for public comment because the change involves a technical correction and is therefore within the council's purview to adopt without circulation. (See Cal. Rules of Court, rule 10.22(d)(2).)

#### Alternatives considered

Judicial Council staff considered not updating the form until next year, when other recommended changes to form DV-130 would likely take effect, but rejected the approach as the error could lead to confusion over the expiration date of the order.

#### **Fiscal and Operational Impacts**

Courts will incur costs to incorporate the revised form into paper and electronic processes.

#### Attachments and Links

1. Form DV-130, at pages 3–13

	Restraining Order After Hearing Order of Protection)	Clerk stamps date here when form is filed.
1 Protected Perso		3.13.25 DRAFT Not approved by the Judicial Council
2) Restrained Pers *Full Name:		
	] F 🗌 Nonbinary <b>*Race</b> :	Fill in court name and street address:
*Age:(estimat	e, if age unknown) Date of Birth:	Superior Court of California, County of
Height:	Weight:	
Hair Color:	Eye Color:	
	on in (1):	
Address of restrained	d person:	Clerk fills in case number when form is filed.
(Information that l	State: Zip: has a star (*) next to it is required to add this ice database. Give all the information you known	s order

#### □ Other Protected People 3)

In addition to the person in $(1)$ , the following persons a	are protected by orders as indicated in $(13)$ t	hrough <b>16</b> .
Full name	Relationship to person in $\textcircled{1}$	Age

Check here if you need to list more people. List them on a separate piece of paper, write "DV-130, Other Protected People" at the top, and attach it to this form.

#### 4) Expiration Date

This restraining orde	er, except the orders noted below,* end on:			
(date):	at <i>(time)</i> :	a.m p.m. or _ midnight		
•	a, child support, and spousal support orders a, and child support orders usually end when	remain in effect after the restraining order ends. 1 the child is 18.		
	<ul> <li>If no date is written, the restraining order ends three years after the date of the hearing in <sup>6</sup>a.</li> <li>If no time is written, the restraining order ends at midnight on the expiration date.</li> </ul>			
This order must be enforced throughout the United States. See page 10.				
This is a Court Order.				

→

# 5 □ Future Court Hearing The □ person in ① □ person in ② must attend court on:

मा	Date:	Time:	a.m. p.m.
	Department:	Room:	
	to review (list issues):		

#### 6) Hearing

a. The hearing was on <i>(date)</i> :	with (name of judicial officer):
b. These people attended the hearing (check a	all that apply):
$\Box$ The person in <b>1</b> $\Box$ The lawyer for	the person in (1) (name):
$\Box$ The person in <b>2</b> $\Box$ The lawyer for	the person in (2) (name):

#### 7) Court's Decision

In making this order, the court has considered whether failure to make any of the orders requested might risk the safety of the person in (1) or any children listed on form DV-105. If child or spousal support was requested, the court has considered whether failure to make support orders would risk the safety of the person in (1) or any children listed on form DV-105.

To the Person in (2):

The court has granted a long-term restraining order. See 7 through 31. If you do not obey these orders, you can be charged with a crime, go to jail or prison, and/or pay a fine. It is a felony to take or hide a child in violation of this order.

This is a Court Order.

DV-130, Page 2 of 11

#### 8) No Firearms (Guns), Firearm Parts, or Ammunition

a. You cannot own, possess, have, buy or try to buy, receive or try to receive, or in any other way get any prohibited item listed below in b.

#### b. Prohibited items are:

- (1) Firearms;
- (2) Firearm parts, meaning receivers, frames, and any item that may be used as or easily turned into a receiver or frame (see Penal Code section 16531); and
- (3) Ammunition.
- c. Within 24 hours of receiving this order, you must sell to or store with a licensed gun dealer, or turn in to law enforcement, any prohibited items you have in your immediate possession or control.
- d. If law enforcement asks you for your prohibited items, you must turn them over immediately.
- e. Within 48 hours of receiving this order, you must file a receipt with the court that proves all prohibited items have been turned in, sold, or stored. (You may use form <u>DV-800/JV-270</u>, *Receipt for Firearms, Firearm Parts, and Ammunition*.) If law enforcement served you with the restraining order, you must give a copy of the receipt to that law enforcement agency.
- f. Limited Exemption: The judge has made the necessary findings to grant an exemption under Family Code section 6389(h). Under California law, the person in (2) is not required to relinquish this firearm (make, model, and serial number of firearm):
  but must only have it during scheduled work hours and to and from their place of work. Even if exempt under California law, the person in (2) may be subject to federal prosecution for possessing or controlling a firearm.

#### 9) 🗆 Restrained person has prohibited items

The court finds that you have the following prohibited items:

#### a. Firearms and/or firearm parts

. Firearins anu/or meanin parts		Proof of compliance
Description (include serial number, if known)	Location, if known	received by the court
(1)		( <i>date</i> ):
(2)		( <i>date</i> ):
(3)		( <i>date</i> ):
(4)		( <i>date</i> ):

9 The court finds that you have the following prohibited items:

#### b. Ammunition

Description	Amount, if known	Location, if known	received by the court $\overline{\Box}$
(1)			☐ (date):
(2)			( <i>date</i> ):

Check here to list additional items. List them on a separate piece of paper, write "DV-130, Restrained Person Has Prohibited Items" at the top, and attach it to this form.



#### Restrained Person Has Not Complied With Surrendering Prohibited Items

a.	The court finds that you have not fully complied with the orders previously granted on (date):
	The court has not received a receipt or proof of compliance for all the items listed in $(9)$ .
b.	Notify Law Enforcement
	The court will immediately notify the following law enforcement agency of this violation
	(law enforcement agency or agencies):

c. Notify Prosecutor

The court will immediately notify the following prosecuting agency of this violation (prosecuting agency):

#### (11) 🗌 Court Hearing to Review Firearms (Guns), Firearm Parts, and Ammunition Compliance

You must attend the court hearing in (5) to prove that you have properly turned in, sold, or stored all prohibited items (described in (8)b) you still have or own, including any items listed in (9). If you do not attend the court hearing listed in (5), a judge may find that you have violated the restraining order and notify law enforcement and a prosecuting attorney of the violation.

#### 12)

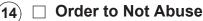
#### No Body Armor

You cannot own, possess, or buy body armor (defined in Penal Code section 16288). You must relinquish any body armor you have in your possession.

#### (13) Cannot Look for Protected People

You must not take any action to look for any person protected by this order, including their addresses or locations.

If checked, this order was not granted because the court found good cause not to make this order.



#### You must not do the following things to the person in (1) and any person listed in (3):

- Harass, attack, strike, threaten, assault (sexually or otherwise), hit, follow, stalk, molest, destroy personal property, keep under surveillance, impersonate (on the internet, electronically, or otherwise), block movements, annoy by phone or other electronic means (including repeatedly contact), or disturb the peace.
- "Disturb the peace" means to destroy someone's mental or emotional calm. This can be done directly or indirectly, such as through someone else. This can also be done in any way, such as by phone, over text, or online. Disturbing the peace includes coercive control.
- "Coercive control" means a number of acts that unreasonably limit the free will and individual rights of any person protected by this restraining order. Examples include isolating them from friends, relatives, or other support; keeping them from food or basic needs; controlling or keeping track of them, including their movements, contacts, actions, money, or access to services; and making them do something by force, threat, or intimidation, including threats based on actual or suspected immigration status. Coercive control includes reproductive coercion meaning controlling someone's reproductive choices, such as using force, threat, or intimidation to pressure someone to be or not be pregnant, and to control or interfere with someone's contraception, birth control, pregnancy, or access to health information.

#### 15) 🗌 No-Contact Order

- a. You must not contact □ the person in ①, □ the persons in ③, directly or indirectly, by any means, including by telephone, mail, email, or other electronic means.
- b. Exception to 15a:
  - (1) Vou may have brief and peaceful contact with the person in (1) to only communicate about your children for court-ordered visits.
  - (2)  $\Box$  You may have contact with your children only during court-ordered contact or visits.
  - (3)  $\Box$  Other *(explain):*
- c. Peaceful written contact through a lawyer or process server or another person for service of legal papers related to a court case is allowed and does not violate this order.

a. You <b>must</b> stay at least ( <i>specify</i> ):	yards away from (check all that apply):
$\square Person in (1).$	$\Box$ School of person in (1).
$\Box$ Home of person in <b>1</b> .	$\square Persons in (3).$
$\Box$ Job or workplace of person in $1$ .	Children's school or child care.
$\Box$ Vehicle of person in $(1)$ .	Other (specify):
b. $\Box$ Exception to 16a:	
$b_{\perp} \square$ Exception to roa.	
*	
The stay-away orders do not apply:	ren for court-ordered visits. You must do so briefly and peacefully
The stay-away orders do not apply: (1)	ren for court-ordered visits. You must do so briefly and peacefully
The stay-away orders do not apply: (1)  For you to exchange your childr (2)  For you to visit with your childr	ren for court-ordered contact or visits.
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The stay-away orders do not apply: (1)  For you to exchange your childr (2)  For you to visit with your childr	ren for court-ordered contact or visits.
The stay-away orders do not apply: (1)  For you to exchange your childr (2)  For you to visit with your childr	ren for court-ordered contact or visits.
The stay-away orders do not apply: (1)  For you to exchange your childr (2)  For you to visit with your childr (3)  Other (explain):	ren for court-ordered contact or visits.

#### (18) 🗌 Other Orders

	^	~
(	1	9

#### Child Custody and Visitation Order

The judge has granted orders regarding minor children. The orders are included on **form DV-140**, and *(list other form):* 

#### (20) Protect Animals

- a. You must stay at least yards away from the animals listed below.
- b. You must not take, sell, hide, molest, attack, strike, threaten, harm, get rid of, transfer, or borrow against the animals.

c.  $\Box$  The person in (1) is given the sole possession, care, and control of the animals listed below.

Name (or other way to ID animal)	Type of animal	Breed (if known)	Color
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#### 21) Control of Property

Only the person in (1) can use, control, and possess the following property:

#### (22) 🔲 Health and Other Insurance

The person  $\Box$  in 1  $\Box$  is ordered **not** to cash, borrow against, cancel, transfer, dispose of, or change the beneficiaries of any insurance or coverage held for the benefit of the parties, or their children, if any, for whom support may be ordered, or both.



#### Record Communications

The person in (1) may record communications made by the person in (2) that violate this order.

#### 24) 🔲 Property Restraint

The person  $\Box$  in (1)  $\Box$  in (2) must not transfer, borrow against, sell, hide, or get rid of or destroy any property, including animals, except in the usual course of business or for necessities of life. In addition, each person must notify the other of any new or big expenses and explain them to the court. (If the court granted the order in (15), the person in (2) must not contact the person in (1). To notify the person in (1) of new or big expenses, have a server mail or personally give the information to the person in (1) or contact their lawyer, if they have one.)

#### (25)

#### □ Pay Debts (Bills) Owed for Property

a. You must make these payments until this order ends:

(1) Pay to:	For:	Amount: \$	Due date:	
(2) Pay to:	For:	Amount: \$	Due date:	
(3) Pay to:	For:	Amount: \$	Due date:	

b.  $\Box$  The court finds that the debt or debts listed above in  $\Box a(1) \Box a(2) \Box a(3)$ were the result of abuse in this case, and made without the person in ①'s agreement.

#### (26) 🗌 Pay Expenses Caused by the Abuse

You must pay the following:

Pay to:	For:	Amount: \$	Due date:
Pay to:	For:	Amount: \$	Due date:
Pay to:	For:	Amount: \$	Due date:

#### (27)

#### □ Child Support

Child support is ordered on the attached <u>form FL-342</u>, *Child Support Information and Order Attachment* or *(list other form):* 



#### Spousal Support

Spousal support is ordered on the attached <u>form FL-343</u>, *Spousal, Domestic Partner, or Family Support Order* Attachment or (list other form):

#### 29) 🔲 Lawyer's Fees and Costs

You must pay the following lawyer's fees and costs:				
Pay to:	For:	Amount: \$	Due date:	
Pay to:	For:	Amount: \$	Due date:	



#### □ Batterer Intervention Program

- a. The person in (2) must go to and pay for a probation-certified 52-week batterer intervention program and show proof of completion to the court.
- b. The person in (2) must enroll by *(date)*:\_\_\_\_\_\_ or if no date is listed, must enroll within 30 days after the order is made.
- c. The person in (2) must complete, file, and serve form DV-805, *Proof of Enrollment for Batterer Intervention Program.*

#### (31)

#### Transfer of Wireless Phone Account

The court has made an order transferring one or more wireless service accounts from you to the person in (1). These orders are contained on <u>form DV-900</u>, *Order Transferring Wireless Phone Account*.

**32)** Service (check a, b, or c)

- a. No other proof of service is needed. The people in (1) and (2) attended the hearing, either physically or remotely (by telephone or videoconference), or agreed in writing to this order.
- b. The person in 2 was not present. Proof of service of form DV-109 and form DV-110 (if issued) was presented to the court. *(Check all that apply):* 
  - (1)  $\Box$  This order can be served by mail. The judge's orders in this form are the same as in form DV-110 except for the expiration date. The person in (2) must be served, either by mail or in person.
  - (2) ☐ This order must be personally served. The judge's orders in this form are different from the orders in form DV-110, or form DV-110 was not issued. The person in **(2)** must be personally served (given) a copy of this order.
  - (3) The court has scheduled a firearms and ammunition compliance hearing. The person in 1 must have a copy of this order served on the person in (2) by:
    - (a)  $\Box$  Personal service by *(date)*:
    - (b)  $\Box$  Mail at the person in (2)'s last known address by *(date)*:
- c. Droof of service of form FL-300 to modify the orders in form DV-130 was presented to the court.
  - (1)  $\Box$  The people in (1) and (2) attended the hearing or agreed in writing to this order. No other proof of service is needed.
  - (2) ☐ The person ☐ in ① ☐ in ② did not attend the hearing and must be personally served (given) a copy of this amended (modified) order.

#### 33) No Fee to Serve (Notify) Restrained Person

The sheriff or marshal will serve this order for free. If you want the sheriff to serve your papers, (1) complete form <u>SER-001</u>, *Request for Sheriff to Serve Court Papers*, and (2) give the completed form and a copy of this order to the sheriff.

#### 34) 🗌 Attached Pages

All of the attached pages are part of this order.

- a. Number of pages attached to this 11-page form:
- b. Attachments include forms (check all that apply):

□ DV-140 □ DV-1	45 🗌 DV-900	□ FL-341(C)	□ FL-342	□ FL-343	Other:
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#### Judge's Signature

Date:

Judge or Judicial Officer

Case Number:

#### Certificate of Compliance With VAWA

This restraining (protective) order meets all "full faith and credit" requirements of the Violence Against Women Act, 18 U.S.C. section 2265 (1994) (VAWA) upon notice of the restrained person. This court has jurisdiction over the parties and the subject matter; the restrained person has been or will be afforded notice and a timely opportunity to be heard as provided by the laws of this jurisdiction. This order is valid and entitled to enforcement in each jurisdiction throughout the 50 states of the United States, the District of Columbia, all tribal lands, and all U.S. territories, commonwealths, and possessions and must be enforced as if it were an order of that jurisdiction.

#### Instructions for Law Enforcement

#### Start Date and End Date of Orders

This order starts on the earlier of the following dates:

- The hearing date in **6** a on page 2; or
- The date next to the judge's signature on this page.

This order ends on the expiration date in (4). If no date is listed, they end three years from the hearing date.

### **Duties of Officer Serving This Order**

The officer who serves this order on the Restrained Person must do the following:

- Ask if the Restrained Person is in possession of any of the prohibited items listed in (8)b, or has custody or control of any that they have not already turned in.
- Order the Restrained Person to immediately surrender to you all prohibited items.
- Issue a receipt to the Restrained Person for all prohibited items that have been surrendered.
- Complete a proof of personal service and file it with the court. You may use form DV-200 for this purpose.
- Within one business day of service, submit the proof of service directly into the California Restraining and Protective Order System (CARPOS), including the serving officer's name and law enforcement agency.

#### Enforcing the Restraining Order in California

Any law enforcement officer in California who receives, sees, or verifies the orders on a paper copy, in the California Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (CLETS), or in an NCIC Protection Order File must enforce the orders.

#### Notice/Proof of Service

Law enforcement must first determine if the restrained person had notice of the orders. If notice cannot be verified, the restrained person must be advised of the terms of the orders. If the restrained person then fails to obey the orders, the officer must enforce them. (Fam. Code,  $\S$  6383.)

Consider the restrained person "served" (notified) if:

- The officer sees a copy of the Proof of Service or confirms that the Proof of Service is on file; or
- The restrained person attended the hearing (see 32) or was informed of the order by an officer. (Fam. Code, § 6383;
   Pen. Code, § 836(c)(2).) An officer can obtain information about the contents of the order in the California Restraining and Protective Order System (CARPOS). (Fam. Code, § 6381(b)–(c).)

#### Arrest Required if Order Is Violated

If an officer has probable cause to believe that the restrained person had notice of the order and has disobeyed the order, the officer must arrest the restrained person. (Pen. Code, §§ 836(c)(1), 13701(b).) A violation of the order may be a violation of Penal Code section 166 or 273.6.

#### If the Protected Person Contacts the Restrained Person

Even if the protected person invites or consents to contact with the restrained person, the orders remain in effect and must be enforced. The protected person cannot be arrested for inviting or consenting to contact with the restrained person. The orders can be changed only by another court order. (Pen. Code,  $\S$  13710(b).)

#### **Child Custody and Visitation**

Child custody and visitation orders are listed on form DV-140 or another attached form. If the judge made these orders, look at (15) and (16) of this order to see if the judge granted an exception for brief and peaceful contact with the person in (1) as needed to follow court-ordered visits. Contact by the person in (2) that is **not** brief and peaceful is a violation of this order.

#### **Conflicting Orders—Priorities for Enforcement**

Date:

If more than one restraining order has been issued protecting the protected person from the restrained person, the orders must be enforced in the following priority (see Pen. Code, § 136.2 and Fam. Code, §§ 6383(h)(2), 6405(b)):

- 1. Emergency Protective Order (EPO): If one of the orders is an *Emergency Protective Order* (form EPO-001), provisions (e.g., stay-away order) that are more restrictive than in the other restraining/protective orders must be enforced. Provisions of another order that do not conflict with the EPO must also be enforced.
- 2. No-Contact Order: If a restraining/protective order includes a no-contact order, the no-contact order must be enforced. Item (15) is an example of a no-contact order.
- 3. Criminal Protective Order (CPO): If none of the orders includes an EPO or a no-contact order, the most recent CPO must be enforced. (Fam. Code, §§ 6383(h)(2), 6405(b).) Additionally, a CPO issued in a criminal case involving charges of domestic violence, Penal Code section 261, 261.5, or former 262, or charges requiring sex offender registration must be enforced over any civil court order. (Pen. Code, § 136.2(e)(2).) All provisions in the civil court order that do not conflict with the CPO must also be enforced.
- 4. **Civil Restraining Orders:** If there is more than one civil restraining order (e.g., domestic violence, juvenile, elder abuse, civil harassment), then the order that was issued last must be enforced. Provisions that do not conflict with the most recent civil restraining order must also be enforced.

(The clerk will fill out this part.)

**Instructions to Clerk:** You must give up to three free (certified, stamped, and endorsed) copies of this order to the protected party.

Clerk's Certificate [seal]

#### -Clerk's Certificate-

I certify that this *Restraining Order After Hearing (Order of Protection)* is a true and correct copy of the original on file in the court.

, Deputy

This is a Court Order.				
Rev. April 28, 2025	Restraining Order After Hearing	<b>DV-130,</b> Page 11 of 11		
	(Order of Protection)			
	(CLETS-OAH) (Domestic Violence Prevention)			

Clerk, by